Obj Gui Year 1 Vid Ex	Obj Gui Year 2 Vid Ex	Obj Gui Year 3 Vid Ex
<u>+ = signs and missing numbers</u> Children need to understand the concept of equality before using the '=' sign. Calculations should be written	Missing number problems e.g 14 + 5 = 10 +	Missing number problems using a range of equations as in Year 1 and 2 but with appropriate, larger numbers.
either side of the equality sign so that the sign is not just	It is valuable to use a range of representations (also see Y1).	Partition into tens and ones
Interpreted as 'the answer'. 2 = 1 + 1	Continue to use numberlines to develop understanding of:	Count on by partitioning the second number only e.g.
2+3=4+1	$\begin{array}{c} \hline counting on m cens and ones \\ 23 + 12 = 23 + 10 + 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$	247 + 125 = 247 + 100 + 20+ 5
Missing numbers need to be placed in all passible		= 347 + 20 + 5 = 367 + 5
places.	= 35 23 33 35 Partitioning and bridging through 10.	= 372
$3+4=$ $\Box$ $= 3+4$	The steps in addition often bridge through a multiple of 10	Children need to be secure adding multiples of 100 and
$3 + \Box = 7 \qquad 7 = \Box + 4$	e.g. Children should be able to partition the 7 to relate adding the	not multiples of 10.
Counting and Combining sets of Objects	2  and then the 5. +2 8 + 7 = 15 +2	
Combining two sets of objects (aggregation) which will	8 10 15	Towards a Written Method Introduce expanded column addition modelled with
progress onto adding on to a set (augmentation)	Adding 0 or 11 by adding 10 and adjusting by 1	place value counters (Dienes could be used for those
	e.g. Add 9 by adding 10 and adjusting by 1	who need a less abstract representation)
0 0 0 0 0 0 0000	35 + 9 = 44 +10	200 + 40 + 7 100 + 20 + 5
0 14 0	35 44 45	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
	-1	
Understanding of counting on with a numbertrack.	Towards a Written Method	+125
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	47+25	
Understanding of counting on with a numberline	47 25 60 + 12	
(supported by models and images).		372
7+4		Leading to children understanding the exchange
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12		
	Leading to exchanging:	
		Some children may begin to use a formal columnar
		algorithm, initially introduced alongside the expanded
	40 + 7	streamlined version of the expanded method, not a new
	Expanded written method 40+7+20+5= $+20+5$	method.
	40+20+7+5 = 60 + 12 = 72	+125
	60 + 12 = 72	372
	1	10